



# **Energy Audit Report for Christ Church Friezland**



Site Address	Christ Church Friezland, OL3 7LQ
Church Code	624270
Author	Tim Mawby Graduate Consultant
Date	18 <sup>th</sup> December 2019
Version	1.0



# Contents

1	Executive Summary	3
2	Church Information	4
3	Energy Procurement Review	5
3.1	Electricity	5
3.2	Gas	5
4	Energy Usage Details	5
4.1	Cost & Consumption	5
4.2	Energy Benchmarking (Based on CofE Shrinking the Footprint – Energy)	5
5	Building Performance and Opportunities	6
5.1	Building Envelope	6
5.2	Heating System – Boilers	6
5.3	Heating System – Pipework and Distribution	6
5.4	Heating System – Heat Emitters	6
5.5	Hot Water System	7
5.6	Lighting	7
5.7	Renewables	8
6	Potential Saving Opportunities	9
7	Assumptions	9
7.1	Assumptions	9
7.2	Economic Life	9
7.3	Implementation	9
7.4	Cumulative Savings and Double Counting	10
8	Funding Sources	10
9	Faculty Requirements	10
10	Limitations	



# **1** Executive Summary

An energy survey of Christ Church Friezland, OL3 7LQ was undertaken by ESOS Energy Ltd to provide advice to the Church on how it can be more energy efficient and provide a sustainable and comfortable environment to support its continued use. This audit has been provided in conjunction with 2buy2, the Church of England's Parish Buying scheme provider.

This energy audit has been undertaken by a suitably qualified and experienced energy auditor. Benefits of implementing the opportunities identified in this Report include a reduction in energy costs in the first instance, but could also reduce other costs, increase staff awareness and engagement, and improve comfort and staff satisfaction in the workplace.

The Church has a number of ways in which is can be more energy efficient. Our key recommendations have been summarised in the table below and are described in more detail later in this report. It is recommended that this table is used as the action plan for the church in implementing these recommendations over the coming years.

Energy Saving Measure	Annual Energy Savings (kWh)	Annual Cost Savings (£)	Estimated Capital Cost	Payback Period (Years)	Annual Carbon Savings (Tonnes CO <sub>2</sub> e)
Program the heating system's timer to prevent the system being unintentionally left on.	2,888	£87	£0	Immediate	0.6
Church – replace 20W fluorescent with 7.5W LED alternatives.	555	£56	£610	10.9	0.2
Church – replace 38W CFLs with 7.5W LED alternatives.	44	£4	£20	5.0	<0.1
Vestry – replace 38W CFL with a 7.5W LED alternative.	22	£2	£10	5.0	<0.1
Vestry – replace 20W fluorescent spotlight with a 7.5W LED alternative.	9	£1	£10	10.0	<0.1
TOTALS	3,518	£150	£650	4.3	0.8

The headline messages from the audit are:

- ▲ £650 investment in energy reduction measures would achieve an estimated annual saving of 3,518kWh (combined electric and gas).
- Based on current electricity and gas tariffs, this would result in an annual financial saving of £150.
- ▲ The simple payback period on this investment is 4.3 years.

The Church should check any faculty requirements with the DAC Secretary at the Diocese before commencing any works.



# 2 Church Information

A site survey was undertaken by Tim Mawby on Thursday 5<sup>th</sup> December 2019. The survey was non-invasive (visual only) and entailed a general walk throughout the church areas, including back of house spaces and plant rooms.



#### Photograph 1: Christ Church Friezland External View

General Information		
Site Address	Christ Church Friezland,	
	Church Road,	
	Greenfield,	
	Oldham,	
	OL3 7LQ	
Listed Status	Grade II Listed	
Building Age	Built in 1850	
Floor Area	Approximately 550m <sup>2</sup>	
Usage	Typically 14 hours per week	



# 3 Energy Procurement Review

Energy bills for gas and electricity have not been supplied. Estimated market rates for energy have been used to estimate consumption.

## 3.1 Electricity

Day Rate	10.00 p/kWh
•	

### 3.2 Gas

Rate	3.00 p/kWh
------	------------

The review has highlighted that there may be opportunities to gain environmental benefits from improved procurement of the energy supplies at this site.

We would therefore recommend that the Church obtains a quotation for its gas and electricity supplies from the CofE Parish Buying scheme (<u>https://www.parishbuying.org.uk/categories/energy/energy-basket</u>). This scheme only offers renewably sourced energy and therefore it is an important part of the process of making Churches more sustainable.

# 4 Energy Usage Details

### 4.1 Cost & Consumption

Energy Type	Annual kWh
Gas	Not Provided
Electricity	Not Provided

If not already in place, it is recommended that the Church consider asking their suppliers to install smart meters so that the usage can be monitored more closely, and the patterns of usage reviewed against the times the building is in use.

### 4.2 Energy Benchmarking (Based on CofE Shrinking the Footprint – Energy)

Energy TypeSize (Sqm)EGas550		Benchmark Energy Use (kWh/Sqm)	Actual Energy Use (kWh/Sqm)	Variance from Benchmark (%)	
		105	Not Provided	Not Provided	
Electricity	Electricity 550 20		Not Provided	Not Provided	



# 5 Building Performance and Opportunities

The building is well run with proactive on-site team in terms of energy conversation with some areas of improvement already being identified. The following sections will highlight where further improvements could potentially be made.

### 5.1 Building Envelope

From visual inspection, the building envelope appears to be in a reasonable state of repair. Wall and roof insulation are not present.

### 5.2 Heating System – Boilers

There are no boilers on-site. The church's heating system will be explored in section 5.4 of this report. As such, no recommendations have been made in this area.

### 5.3 Heating System – Pipework and Distribution

There are no boilers on-site, therefore all heating pipework is no longer operational. As such, no recommendations have been made in this area.

### 5.4 Heating System – Heat Emitters

Heating to the church is served via a gas radiant heating system suspended from the church ceiling. The system is served by 7no. Noravike Ambirad gas burners mounted on the heat emitters. It is unclear how old this heating system is, however whilst on-site it was noted that the system is well maintained and in good condition. This system is operated via a control panel located in the main body of the church and is switched on and off when required. It is recommended that the timer function is programmed weekly to match the church's schedule, as this will lessen the chance of the system being left on whilst the church is unoccupied.

The church also contains 2no. 3-bar (each 3x1.5kW) electric wall heaters. A range of portable plug-in heaters are also present throughout the building and are used to provide additional heating to the smaller rooms when required. This can be an ineffective, inefficient and poorly controlled means of providing space heating, and can easily be left on when unoccupied. It is recommended that a more permanent heating solution be provided to these spaces if and when heating upgrades are undertaken.



#### Photographs 2 & 3: Gas Radiant Heating System & Electric Wall Heater



## 5.5 Hot Water System

Hot water is provided to the building a 3kW Optima electric water heater, serving kitchen and WC areas. There is also a 10-litre Buffalo Autofill CF357 electric point of use water heater located in the kitchen. Hot water consumption is considered to be nominal.

#### Photograph 4: Electric Water Heater



### 5.6 Lighting

There is no lighting control system, motion detectors or daylight dimming controls. All light fittings are controlled via manual on/off switches.

The range of light fittings throughout the church areas are detailed below:

#### Church

- ▲ 61no. 20W low-energy fluorescent spotlights recommended to be replaced with 7.5W LED alternatives.
- ▲ 2no. 38W compact fluorescent lamps recommended to be replaced with 7.5W LED alternatives.

#### Photographs 5 & 6: Church Light Fittings







#### Vestry

- ▲ 1no. 38W compact fluorescent lamp recommended to be replaced with a 7.5W LED alternative.
- ▲ 1no. 20W fluorescent spotlight recommended to be replaced with a 7.5W LED alternative.



#### Photographs 7 & 8: Church Hall Light Fittings

### 5.7 Renewables

There are currently no renewables on-site. A free desktop survey can be carried out by a specialist solar installer to identify the possibility of installing solar PV panels.



# 6 **Potential Saving Opportunities**

As part of the assessment, we carry out a close inspection of M&E plant and their associated controls, with the aim of identifying any issues that have significant impact on energy consumption and correct building operation. We have reviewed the building and associated HVAC and lighting operations and identified the following potential energy conservation opportunities (ECOs), which should be investigated:

		Potential Annual Savings			Investment	Simple
Category	Actions	Elec/Gas (kWh)	Cost (£)	(tCO <sub>2</sub> )	(£)	payback (yrs.)
Heating	Program heating timer to prevent the unintentional use (estimated 5% saving)	2,888	£87	0.6	£0	Immediate
Lighting	Church – replace 20W fluorescent with 7.5W LED alternatives.	555	£56	0.2	£610	10.9
Lighting	Church – replace 38W CFLs with 7.5W LED alternatives.	44	£4	<0.1	£20	5.0
Lighting	Vestry – replace 38W CFL with a 7.5W LED alternative.	22	£2	<0.1	£10	5.0
Lighting Vestry – replace 20W fluorescent spotlight with a 7.5W LED alternative.		9	£1	<0.1	£10	10.0
TOTAL ELECTRICITY SAVINGS		630	£63	0.2	£650	10.3
TOTAL GAS SAVINGS		2,888	£87	0.6	£0	Immediate
GRAND TOTAL		3,518	£150	0.8	£650	4.3

# 7 Assumptions

# 7.1 Assumptions

- ▲ Costs exclude labour, installation and access which will require the confirmation of a specialist contractor.
- Average cost of electricity at 10.00p/kWh.
- Average cost of gas at 3.00p/kWh.
- ▲ Electricity carbon emission rate of 0.31598 kgCO₂/kWh.
- Natural Gas carbon emission rate of 0.20776 kgCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh.

# 7.2 Economic Life

CIBSE Guide M Appendix 12.A1 gives the economic life of plant common plant items. After this time the maintenance and repair make it economic to replace the asset. There will be energy savings inherent in the new equipment and the need to meet the minimum requirements of the Building Regulations. Some capital plant has long payback periods, when based on energy efficiency alone, but these should be part of an asset replacement programme with only the 'additional' cost of higher than minimum required energy standards being used to calculate ROI.

### 7.3 Implementation

Reviews of Energy Projects and Initiatives are designed to provide a high-level indication of options available clients and will not constitute a recommendation for implementation. Pricing and potential savings are indicative values and will not constitute an offer.



# 7.4 Cumulative Savings and Double Counting

It should be noted that further investigation may rule out some measures as impractical, either physically or financially. Some measures are mutually exclusive and provide diminishing returns if implemented together. For example, if the lighting load is reduced through more efficient lighting, there will be an increase in the heat demand on boilers, as the new lights generate less heat.

Each energy conservation measure is assessed independently at this stage so that they can be fairly compared. An assessment of any overlap will be undertaken once any projects are selected for implementation.

# 8 Funding Sources

There are a variety of charitable grants for Churches undertaking works and a comprehensive list of available grants is available at:

https://www.parishresources.org.uk/wp-content/uploads/Charitable-Grants-for-Churches-Nov-2019.pdf

# 9 Faculty Requirements

It must be noted that all works intended to be undertaken should be discussed with the DAC at the Diocese.

Minor works can be undertaken without the need for consultation and would include changing of light bulbs within existing fittings, repair and maintenance works to heating and electrical systems and repairs to the building which do not affect the historic fabric.

Major works which can be undertaken without a faculty but must be consulted on with permission sought from the Archdeacon through the DAC. This includes works of adaptation (but not substantial addition or replacement) of heating and electrical systems and also the replacement of existing boilers so long at the same pipe work, fuel source and flues are used, It can also be used to replace heating controls.

All other works will be subject to a full faculty.

Works which affect the external appearance of the church will also require planning permission (but not listed building consent) from the local authority and this will be required for items such as PV installations,

# **10** Limitations

The recommendations contained in this Report represent ESOS Energy's professional opinions, based upon the information listed in the Report, exercising the duty of care required of an experienced Sustainability Consultant.

ESOS Energy obtained, reviewed and evaluated information in preparing this Report from the Client and others. ESOS Energy conclusions, opinions and recommendations has been determined using this information. ESOS Energy does not warrant the accuracy of the information provided to it and will not be responsible for any opinions which ESOS Energy has expressed, or conclusions which it has reached in reliance upon information which is subsequently proven to be inaccurate.

This Report was prepared by ESOS Energy for the sole and exclusive use of the Client and for the specific purpose for which ESOS Energy was instructed. Nothing contained in this Report shall be construed to give any rights or benefits to anyone other than the Client and ESOS Energy, and all duties and responsibilities undertaken are for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Client and not for the benefit of any other party. In particular, ESOS Energy does not intend, without its written consent, for this Report to be disseminated to anyone other than the Client or to be used or relied upon by anyone other than the Client. Use of the Report by any other person is unauthorised and such use is at the sole risk of the user. Anyone using or relying upon this Report, other than the Client, agrees by virtue of its use to indemnify and hold harmless ESOS Energy from and against all claims, losses and damages (of whatsoever nature and howsoever or whensoever arising), arising out of or resulting from the performance of the work by the Consultant.